Annual Financial Report

April 30, 2025

PATTON & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hillsboro, Illinois:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois, as of April 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City
 of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the major funds budgetary comparison be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Parton: Campany, P.C.
November 5, 2025

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hillsboro, Illinois

PATTON & COMPANY, P.C.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hillsboro, Illinois:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the government's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and; therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we may consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies:

Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: There is a lack of segregation of duties among City personnel.

Effect: Transactions could be mishandled.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Recommendation: The duties should be segregated as much as possible, and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of segregation. The governing board should provide some of these controls.

Management's Response: Due to limited personnel, management believes it to be unfeasible to correct this deficiency.

Controls Over Financial Statement Preparation

Criteria: A system of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is necessary to prepare the financial statements and disclosures.

Condition: As is common with organizations its size, the City does not currently prepare its own financial statements with note disclosures. Statements on Auditing Standards do not provide exceptions to financial reporting deficiencies that are adequately mitigated with nonaudit services rendered by the auditors or deficiencies for which the remedy would be cost prohibitive.

Effect: The management of the City of Hillsboro, Illinois, or its employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, may not prevent or detect financial statement misstatements and disclosures in a timely manner.

Cause: The City has limited resources.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City continually monitor the cost/benefit of preparing its own financial statements and note disclosures.

Management's Response: City meets all audit reporting requirements and will continue to do so in the future. Currently the City Clerk, Mayor and other personnel review the annual financial statements. As additional resources become available, the City will review the cost/benefit involved with preparing the financial statements.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described above.

City of Hillsboro, Illinois, Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Hillsboro, Illinois', response to the findings identified in our audit and described above. The City of Hillsboro, Illinois', response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Yattan: lumpany, P.C.

Hillsboro, Illinois

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2025

	Primary Government			ıt		
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,048,055	\$	4,105,603	\$	10,153,658
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		1,163,233		1,163,233
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		1,850,266		-		1,850,266
Notes		10,870		-		10,870
Other		19,008		995,000		1,014,008
Capital assets, not being depreciated		3,247,208		268,656		3,515,864
Capital assets, being depreciated (net of accumulated depreciation)		5,334,877		14,870,970		20,205,847
Total assets		16,510,284	_	21,403,462		37,913,746
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Unamortized loss on refunding		-	,	193,031		193,031
Deferred amounts related to pensions		1,006,837	_			1,006,837
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		17,517,121		21,596,493		39,113,614

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2025

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	352,905	\$	160,911	\$	513,816
Accrued wages		72,879		3,616		76,495
Accrued interest		-		69,534		69,534
Bonds payable		-		480,000		480,000
Compensated absences	<u> </u>	10,000				10,000
Total current liabilities	<u></u>	435,784		714,061		1,149,845
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Notes payable		-		688,876		688,876
Bonds payable		-		6,705,000		6,705,000
Refundable deposits		-		54,000		54,000
Compensated absences		66,000		-		66,000
Net pension liability - Police and Fire		1,232,940		-		1,232,940
Net pension liability - IMRF		59,017				59,017
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,357,957		7,447,876		8,805,833
Total liabilities		1,793,741		8,161,937		9,955,678
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Bond premium		-		259,644		259,644
Subsequent year's property taxes		1,302,000		-		1,302,000
Deferred amounts related to pensions		816,406				816,406
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,118,406		259,644		2,378,050
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,912,147		8,421,581		12,333,728
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		8,582,085		7,265,750		15,847,835
Restricted for public safety		159,432		-		159,432
Restricted for highways and streets		203,530		-		203,530
Restricted for debt		-		1,163,233		1,163,233
Restricted for culture and recreation		216,393		-		216,393
Restricted for economic development		2,671,198		-		2,671,198
Restricted for general government		514,308		-		514,308
Unrestricted		1,258,028		4,745,929		6,003,957
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	13,604,974	\$	13,174,912	\$	26,779,886

Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2025

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expense) Rev	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Vet Position
			Operating	Capital	Primary G	Primary Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business - Type	
Function/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government: Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 915,160	\$ 128,892	· •	· 69	\$ (786,268)	ı € >	\$ (786,268)
Public safety	2,063,469	62,167	14,900	1	(1,986,402)		(1,986,402)
Streets and roads	1,243,874	1	75,065	1 00	(1,168,809)	1	(1,168,809)
Culture and recreation	1,196,190	492,703	- 2000	76,732	(626,733)	1	(020,733)
Total governmental activities	5,418,693	083,707	69,902	10,132	(4,200,434)		(+,700,41)
Business-type activities:						,	,
Water	2,335,743	3,038,951	•	•		703,208	703,208
Sewer	1,088,411	1,880,727	1		1	1 405 524	1 405 524
Total business-type activities	3,424,154	4,919,678		1	1	1,493,324	1,493,324
Total primary government	\$ 8,842,847	\$ 5,603,440	\$ 89,965	\$ 76,732	(4,568,234)	1,495,524	(3,072,710)
(Janaro) ravianise.							
Video gaming tax					88,818	ī	88,818
Motor firel tax					266,762	•	266,762
Property and replacement taxes					959,440	1	959,440
Income tax					1,052,541	1	1,052,541
Sales tax					1,544,403	1	1,544,403
Fire tax					12,444	1	12,444
Utility and telecommunication taxes					472,300	1	472,300
Cannabis tax					9,275	•	9,275
Investment income					244,096	186,600	430,696
Miscellaneous					355,413	•	355,413
Transfers					(198,108)	198,108	
Total general revenue and transfers					4,807,384	384,708	5,192,092
Change in net position					239,150	1,880,232	2,119,382
Net position, beginning of year					13,365,824	11,294,680	24,660,504
Net position, end of year					\$ 13,604,974	\$ 13,174,912	\$ 26,779,886

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds April 30, 2025

	Total	6,048,055	1,850,266	19,008	\$ 7,928,199	\$ 352,905 72,879	425,784	1,302,000	1,302,000	1,727,784	2,874,728 890,133 2,435,554	6,200,415	\$ 7,928,199
Other Nonmajor	Governmental Funds	\$ 98,319	- 000	10,8/0	909,189	1,960 \$	1,960		r	1,960	907,229	907,229	909,189
	Motor Fuel Tax Fund		21,332	10,039	220,289	\$ 16,759 \$	16,759	•	1	16,759	203,530	203,530	\$ 220,289
Business	District Tax Fund	\$ 1,703,387 \$	60,582	• •	\$ 1,763,969	69 	1	1	1	1	1,763,969	1,763,969	\$ 1,763,969
	General Fund	7,431	1,768,352	8,969	\$ 5,034,752	\$ 334,186 72,879	407,065	1,302,000	1,302,000	1,709,065	890,133 2,435,554	3,325,687	\$ 5,034,752
	Accets	Cash and cash equivalents	Receivables: Taxes	Notes Accounts	Total assets	<u>Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Accounts payable Accrued wages	Total liabilities	Subsequent year's property taxes	Total deferred inflows of resources	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>Fund Balances</u> Restricted Committed Unassigned	Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position April 30, 2025

Fund balances of the governmental funds	\$	6,200,415
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$23,315,246, net		
of accumulated depreciation of \$14,733,161, are not financial		
resources and; therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds		8,582,085
Deferred outflows of resources are not current financial resources and;		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		1,006,837
Deferred inflows of resources are not current financial resources and;		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		(816,406)
Certain liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and		
payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Net pension asset - IMRF		(59,017)
		(76,000)
Compensated absences		(70,000)
Net pension liability - Police and Fire		(1,232,940)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	13,604,974

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2025

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities Year Ended April 30, 2025

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (252,918)
Assets reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those costs over the lives of the assets:	
Capital assets purchased Depreciation expense	1,486,627 (479,467)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences Pension benefits	 (14,000) (501,092)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 239,150

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds April 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Waterworks	Sewerage				
Assets	Fund	Fund	Total			
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,790,480	\$ 1,315,123	\$ 4,105,603			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,163,233	-	1,163,233			
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	560,000	435,000	995,000			
Due from other funds		8,222	8,222			
Total current assets	4,513,713	1,758,345	6,272,058			
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated	110,406	158,250	268,656			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	10,453,162	4,417,808	14,870,970			
Total noncurrent assets	10,563,568	4,576,058	15,139,626			
Total assets	15,077,281	6,334,403	21,411,684			
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Loss on refinancing of bonds	193,031		193,031			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	15,270,312	6,334,403	21,604,715			
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities:	141 001	19,910	160,911			
Accounts payable	141,001	1,808	3,616			
Accrued wages	1,808	31,062	69,534			
Accrued interest	38,472	125,000	480,000			
Due to other funds	355,000 8,222	123,000	8,222			
Bonds payable Total current liabilities	544,503	177,780	722,283			
Noncurrent liabilities:	4,345,000	2,360,000	6,705,000			
Bonds payable	54,000	2,300,000	54,000			
Refundable deposits Notes payable	688,876	-	688,876			
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,087,876	2,360,000	7,447,876			
Total liabilities	5,632,379	2,537,780	8,170,159			
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Gain on refinancing of bonds	_	259,644	259,644			
Odni on formationing of bonds						
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	5,632,379	2,797,424	8,429,803			
Net position:			- 245 - 55			
Net investment in capital assets	5,174,692	2,091,058	7,265,750			
Restricted for debt Unrestricted	1,163,233 3,300,008	1,445,921	1,163,233 4,745,929			
Total net position	\$ 9,637,933	\$ 3,536,979	\$ 13,174,912			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2025

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Waterworks Sewerage Total Fund Fund Operating revenues: \$ 2,862,613 1,744,461 \$ 4,607,074 Charges for service 136,266 312,604 176,338 Other 1,880,727 4,919,678 3,038,951 Total operating revenues Operating expenses: 37,604 75,208 37,604 Salaries 9,154 4,577 4,577 Payroll taxes and pension 18,000 18,000 Testing 58,831 37,131 95,962 Insurance 4,191 9,041 4,850 Administration 223,146 105,957 117,189 Utilities 14,303 5,594 8,709 Chemicals and materials 324,365 279,491 44,874 Repairs and maintenance 34,410 22,272 56,682 Miscellaneous 1,972,620 631,046 1,341,574 Professional fees 451,374 347,218 104,156 Depreciation 3,249,855 1,026,634 2,223,221 Total operating expenses 854,093 1,669,823 815,730 Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 186,600 135,615 50,985 Interest on investments (61,777)(174,299)(112,522)Interest and fees on bonds 12,301 (10,792)23,093 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 1,682,124 843,301 838,823 Net income (loss) before transfers 739,940 1,424,675 684,735 Transfers in, net (1,226,567)(363,260)(863,307)Transfers out, net 376,680 198,108 (178,572)Total transfers 1,880,232 1,219,981 660,251 Change in net position 11,294,680 8,977,682 2,316,998 Net position, beginning 3,536,979 13,174,912 9,637,933 Net position, ending

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended April 30, 2025

	Business-Ty	prise Funds	
	Waterworks	Sewerage	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:		·	
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,978,341	\$ 1,695,503	\$ 4,673,844
Payments to suppliers	(1,711,827)	(1,181,502)	(2,893,329)
Payments to employees	(42,133)	(42,133)	(84,266)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	1,224,381	471,868	1,696,249
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfers from (to) other funds	(178,572)	376,680	198,108
Due to (from) other funds	8,222	(8,222)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	(170,350)	368,458	198,108
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt	688,876	-	688,876
Principal paid on capital debt	(350,000)	(120,000)	(470,000)
Interest and fees paid on capital debt	(96,433)	(78,551)	(174,984)
Purchase of capital assets	(881,497)	(629,360)	(1,510,857)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(639,054)	(827,911)	(1,466,965)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest	135,615	50,985	186,600
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	135,615	50,985	186,600
Change in cash and cash equivalents	550,592	63,400	613,992
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	3,403,121	1,251,723	4,654,844
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 3,953,713	\$ 1,315,123	\$ 5,268,836
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided by operating activities:	¢ 915.720	e 954.002	\$ 1,669,823
Operating income (loss)	\$ 815,730	\$ 854,093	ÿ 1,009,623
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:	347,218	104,156	451,374
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:	J71,210	107,150	70 1,0 / 7
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(60,610)	(185,224)	(245,834)
Increase (decrease) in payables	122,043	(301,157)	(179,114)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,224,381	\$ 471,868	\$ 1,696,249
Met easit browned by obergring activities	Ψ 1,201	# 1,1,000	-,0,0,-,,

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Pension Trust Fund April 30, 2025

	Firefighters Pension	Police Pension	Total
Assets Cash	\$ 119,442	\$ 66,014	\$ 185,456
Investments, at fair value: Illinois police officers' pension investment fund Illinois firefighters' pension investment fund	1,321,434	3,287,966	3,287,966 1,321,434
Total investments at fair value	1,321,434	3,287,966	4,609,400
Prepaids	550	550	1,100
Total assets	\$ 1,441,426	\$ 3,354,530	\$ 4,795,956
<u>Liabilities</u> Expenses due/unpaid	\$ 450	\$ 450	\$ 900
Net Position Net position held in trust	1,440,976	3,354,080	4,795,056
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 1,441,426</u>	\$ 3,354,530	\$ 4,795,956

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Pension Trust Funds April 30, 2025

		Firefighters Pension		Police Pension		Total
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employer	\$	139,332	\$	213,030	\$	352,362
Plan members		22,600		49,108		71,708
Total contributions	-	161,932		262,138		424,070
Investment income:						
Interest and dividends		27,329		19,542		46,871
Net change in fair value		96,515		231,337		327,852
Total investment income		123,844		250,879		374,723
Less investment expense		(2,771)		(2,255)		(5,026)
Net investment income		121,073		248,624		369,697
Total additions		283,005		510,762		793,767
Deductions:						
Benefits payments and refunds		111,098		172,415		283,513
Administration		16,571		17,011		33,582
Total deductions		127,669		189,426		317,095
Increase (decrease) in net position		155,336		321,336		476,672
Net position, beginning of year		1,285,640		3,032,744		4,318,384
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,440,976	\$	3,354,080	\$	4,795,056

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1.A. - Financial Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by a five-member Council consisting of four commissioners and the Mayor. The City provides the following services: general government, public safety (police), street, and water and sewer services.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City should be included within. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either the ability to impose will by the primary government or the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. Based on these criteria, there are no potential component units which are required to be included in the accompanying financial statements.

1.B. - Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e.: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. *Business-type activities* rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City's special revenue funds are as follows:

The Business District Tax Fund accounts for taxes collected and expenditures disbursed per restrictions of the Business District.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund accounts for motor fuel tax revenues and expenditures for road improvements.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Water Fund provides water services to residents of the City and certain unincorporated areas.

Sewer Fund provides wastewater service to the residents of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e.: the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The City has the following fiduciary fund types:

Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from police force members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

Firefighters' Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources needed to pay pension costs when due. Resources are contributions from fire department members at rates fixed by state statutes and City contributions in the form of an annual property tax levy.

1.C. - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "what" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they occur, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined as 60 days) to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are budgeted.

1.D. - Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments

Investments consist entirely of non-negotiable certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months. All non-negotiable certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months are carried at cost.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues recognized as of year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales tax and property tax. Business-type activities report utilities, net of any allowance for uncollectible accounts, as its major receivables. The allowance amount is estimated using historical experience.

Notes Receivable

The City has total notes receivable of \$10,870 at April 30, 2025, comprised of individual notes from various local businesses. The receivables are from a revolving loan account maintained by the City. Payments are being made monthly.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, property taxes and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if received within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings comprise the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

The City has chosen to record consumable materials and supplies as expenditures at the time of purchase and, due to its immaterial amount, no balances for inventory on-hand are reported on the balance sheet.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary funds and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to April 30, 2004. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004, are recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Capitalization thresholds of \$5,000 on equipment, \$20,000 for buildings and improvements, and \$100,000 for infrastructure are used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Equipment and Tools - 10 years
Vehicles under 13,000 gross vehicle weight - 5 years
Vehicles over 13,000 gross vehicle weight - 10 years
Other Improvements - 20 years
Buildings - 40-50 years
Road Improvements - 10 years
New Infrastructure - 40 years
Fire Trucks - 20 years
Water and Sewer Improvements - 10-40 years
Water and Sewer Equipment - 5 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as a liability in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for debt is the same in the proprietary fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenues in governmental funds include receivables not "available" to finance the current period.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund Balance Classifications

This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The City reports the following fund balance reporting classifications in accordance with the provisions of the statement:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - The restricted fund balance classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balances are reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance - The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance - The unassigned fund balance classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The City's policy is to spend restricted fund balance before spending unrestricted fund balance when an expenditure is paid for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available except for instances where a City budget resolution specifies the fund balance.

The City's policy is that committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent before unassigned balances have been spent when an expenditure is paid for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used except for instances where a City budget ordinance specifies the fund balance.

1.E. - Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

1.F. - Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/ expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- Internal activities Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the
 government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type
 activities, which are reported as Transfers-Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are
 not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

1.G. - Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.H. - Property Taxes

The City's property tax is levied on assessed values established by the County Assessor's office at varying rates of assessed market value depending on whether the property is commercial or residential. The budget and appropriation ordinance was approved on May 7, 2024, and the tax levy was passed by the Board on December 17, 2024. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are usually payable in two installments on or about June 1st and September 1st, during the following fiscal year. The City usually receives distributions from the County Collector in the months of July through November.

The assessed value upon which the 2023 levy was based totaled \$58,141,350.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The following are the tax rates applicable to the various levies per \$100.00 of assessed valuation:

	Maximum	2023
	<u>2023 Levy</u>	Actual
General corporate	0.25000	0.23658
Fire protection	0.07500	0.07224
Police protection	0.07500	0.07224
Audit	as needed	0.03440
Social security	as needed	0.21328
Liability insurance	as needed	0.12040
Unemployment	as needed	0.00578
Workers' compensation	as needed	0.10320
IMRF	as needed	0.10492
Fire Pension	as needed	0.23736
Police Pension	as needed	_0.36291
		1.56331

For governmental funds, only property taxes which are intended to finance the current fiscal year and collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are recorded as revenue. Property tax revenue in these financial statements is from the 2023 tax year. Property taxes for the 2024 levy are payable in 2025 and intended to finance the 2026 fiscal year and are not considered available for current operations and are, therefore, shown as deferred inflows of resources.

1.I. - Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on tenure. An expense and liability for accrued vacation and sick leave is only reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent at which it is accrued for vested employees. An expense and liability for these amounts is only reported in the governmental funds if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the City is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations.

2.A. - Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policy is in accordance with the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The City is authorized by statute to make deposits or investments in obligations of the U.S. Government; obligations of state or their political subdivisions; savings accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit; or other investments which are direct obligations of banks as defined by the Illinois Banking Act; and the Illinois Funds.

The City's deposits are in checking, savings accounts and certificates of deposit and are carried at cost. The City's current investment practice is only to invest in local financial institution accounts and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The City maintains a cash pool for some of the resources, excluding the pension trust fund. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on the Statement of Net Position as deposits.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, continued

Deposits and Custodial Credit Risk

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits, net of outstanding checks, including certificates of deposit was \$11,316,816 and the bank balance was \$11,429,526. Of this balance, \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and \$11,179,526 was covered by pledged collateral, which was held in the City's name and \$0 was uncollateralized.

Cash on hand of \$75 has been excluded from the amounts shown above.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that limits invested maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

At April 30, 2025, the City's deposits were as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 6,047,980
Business-Type Activities	5,268,836
Total	<u>\$ 11,316,816</u>

Fiduciary Funds

At April 30, 2025, the carrying amount of the Firefighters' Pension Fund and Police Pension Fund deposits totaled \$4,794,856. Since flow through FDIC insurance is available for the Plans' deposits with financial contributions, the Plans do not require pledging of collateral for any bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. The investments have been transferred to the State of Illinois Police Officers' Investment Fund and the State of Illinois Firefighters' Investment Fund.

Investments

Custodial Credit Risk: The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City and the pension funds do not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City and pension funds do not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City and pension funds do not have a formal investment policy that specifically addresses credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk that the City has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that specifically addresses concentration of credit risk. The pension funds' investment policies require diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk.

2.B. - Common Bank Account

The General Fund operating checking account writes checks for all funds and the separate bank accounts for the other funds will reimburse the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 3 - Detail Notes

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

3.A. - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2024 Additions		Deductions	Balance April 30, 2025
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,247,208	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 3,247,208
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,247,208	<u>-</u>		3,247,208
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	2,290,413	532,328	-	2,822,741
Machinery and equipment	4,911,560	485,083	93,811	5,302,832
Infrastructure	11,473,249	469,216		11,942,465
Total other capital assets as historical cost	18,675,222	1,486,627	93,811	20,068,038
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,694,119	58,738	-	1,752,857
Machinery and equipment	3,719,080	326,976	93,811	3,952,245
Infrastructure	8,934,306	93,753	-	9,028,059
Total accumulated depreciation	14,347,505	479,467	93,811	14,733,161
Other capital assets, net	4,327,717	1,007,160		5,334,877
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,574,925	\$ 1,007,160	\$	\$ 8,582,085

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 85,144
Public safety	213,942
Streets and roads	129,373
Culture and recreation	 51,008
	\$ 479,467

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 3 - Detail Notes, continued

	Balance May 1, 2024 Additions		De	ductions	_	Balance il 30, 2025	
Business-type activities:		-					
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	<u>\$</u>	268,656	\$	\$	-	\$	268,656
Other capital assets:							
Water and sewer capital assets		3,625,229	1,510,857				5,136,086
Total other capital assets at historical cost	3	3,625,229	1,510,857			3	5,136,086
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Water and sewer capital assets		9,813,742	451,374		-	_	0,265,116
Total accumulated depreciation	1	9,813,742	451,374		-	2	0,265,116
Other capital assets, net	1	3,811,487	1,059,483			1	4,870,970
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1</u>	4,080,143	\$ 1,059,483	\$	_	<u>\$ 1</u>	5,139,626
Depreciation expense was charged as follows in the St	tateme	nt of Activit	ies:				
Business-Type Activites:							
Waterworks Fund				\$	347,218		
Sewerage Fund					104,156		
Total depreciation expense for business-type	e activ	rities		<u>\$</u>	451,374		
3.B Summary of Interfund Balances and Transfe	rs						
Transfers as of April 30, 2025:							
•				Tr	ansfers In		nsfers Out
Sewerage Fund				\$	376,680	\$	-
Waterworks Fund					-		178,572
General Fund				_			198,108
				\$	376,680	\$	376,680

The transfers were used for loan payments.

3.C. - Risk Management - Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to, general liability, property casualty, worker's compensation, and public official's liability. To limit the exposure to these risks, the City purchases commercial insurance as necessary. There have been no significant changes in coverage during the year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 4 - Pension Plan - IMRF

IMRF Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011, (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

IMPE

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	TIATIOT
Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	53
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	5
Active Plan Members	15
Total	73_

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 4 - Pension Plan - IMRF, continued

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2024 was 5.05%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2025, the City contributed \$48,275 to the plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2024.

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Method

Asset Valuation Method

Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation

2.25%

Salary Increases

2.75% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return

7.25%

Retirement Age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future-mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2024, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation report.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 4 - Pension Plan - IMRF, continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

					Projected Returns/Risk					
	Target		Return		One Year		Ten Year			
Asset Class	Allocation		12/31/2024		Arithmetic		Geometric			
Equities	33.50	%	19.02	%	5.70	%	4.35	%		
International Equities	18.00	%	6.35	%	7.10	%	5.40	%		
Fixed Income	24.50	%	3.14	%	5.30	%	5.20	%		
Real Estate	10.50	%	2.25	%	7.30	%	6.40	%		
Alternatives	12.50	%	6.72	%						
Private Equity			N/A		10.00	%	6.25	%		
Hedge Funds			N/A		N/A		N/A	¥.		
Commodities			N/A		6.05	%	4.85	%		
Cash Equivalents	1.00	%	5.57	%	3.60	%	3.60	%		

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 4.08%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 4 - Pension Plan, IMRF, continued

Changes in the Net Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		 t Pension lity (Asset)
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 9,0	041,025	\$	9,011,680	\$ 29,345
Change for the year:					<0.00#
Service Cost	•	69,885		-	69,885
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	(631,818		-	631,818
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	(157,145)		-	(157,145)
Changes of Assumptions		-		-	-
Contributions - Employer		-		38,404	(38,404)
Contributions - Employees		-		34,221	(34,221)
Net Investment Income		-		937,180	(937,180)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds					
of Employee Contributions	(722,462)		(722,462)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		-		(376,885)	376,885
Net Changes	(177,904)		(89,542)	 (88,362)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 8,	863,121	\$	8,922,138	\$ (59,017)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Lower 6.25%		Current Discount 7.25%		1% Higher8.25%	
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 791</u>	.062	\$	(59,017)	<u>\$</u>	775,604

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2025, the City recognized pension expense of \$48,725. At April 30, 2025, the City recognized deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Amounts to be Recognized in Pension Expense in Future Periods Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in Assumptions	\$ 13,949 -	\$	85,624 2,039	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	 969,522		728,743	
Total Deferred Amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	983,471		816,406	
Pension Contribution made subsequent to the Measurement Date	 23,366			
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	\$ 1,006,837	\$	816,406	

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 4 - Pension Plan - IMRF, continued

Year Ending

Amounts recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Net Deferred Outflows of

December 31 2025 2026 2027 2028				Resources \$ 45,758 328,089 (142,570) (64,212)	
Total				\$ 167,065	
Note 5 - Long-Term Debt					
Compensated Absences	Balance May 1, 2024	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2025	Current Portion
Compensated absences	\$ 62,000	\$ 14,000	<u> </u>	\$ 76,000	\$ 10,000
Business-Type Activities The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2025:					
	Balance May 1, 2024	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2025	Current Portion
Taxable General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source) Waterworks and Sewerage Bonds of 2021. 1.0-2.65% (original issuance \$5,475,000 due December 1, 2036. Includes one principal payment of \$290,000 on old bonds refinanced). General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source) Sewerage Bonds of 2021 3.0% (original issuance \$2,835,000 due December 1, 2040). Subtotal	\$ 5,050,000 2,605,000 7,655,000	\$ -	\$ 350,000 	\$ 4,700,000 2,485,000 7,185,000	\$ 355,000 = 125,000 480,000
Notes Payable IL EPA Loan - LEAD Service Lines started 10/24/2024 - no payment schedule due to project in progress	<u>-</u> \$ 7,655,000	688,876 \$ 688,876	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 470,000</u>	688,876 \$ 7,873,876	<u>-</u> \$ 480,000

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt, continued

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt bonds with interest rates applicable at April 30, 2025, are as follows:

	Principal	. —	Interest	
2026	\$ 480,000	\$	166,882	
2027	485,000		159,582	
2028	495,000		151,692	
2029	510,000		143,047	
2030	515,000		133,185	
2031-2035	2,755,000		483,993	
2036-2040	1,750,000		144,050	
2041-thereafter	195,000		5,849	
	\$ 7,185,000	\$	1,388,280	

Gains and Losses on Refunding

On June 24, 2021, bonds in the Water and Sewer Funds were refinanced. This refunding resulted in a gain in the Sewer Fund and a loss in the Water Fund. These gains and losses are being amortized over the next 20 years. The amount amortized in the Water Fund each year is \$17,547 and the Sewer Fund is \$15,273.

	<u>W</u>	Water Fund		
Balance, May 1, 2024 Current year amortization	\$	210,578 17,547	\$	274,917 15,273
Balance, April 30, 2025	\$	193,031	\$	259,644

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Police Pension Fund

Plan Description

The Plan is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 3 Police Pension Fund - Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Plan's Board of Trustees. The Board consists of two members appointed by the City, two active Members and one retired Member elected by the Membership. The City accounts for the plan as pension trust fund.

Plan membership as of April 30, 2025, consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive plan members entitled to but not currently receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	8
Total	15

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, death, and termination benefits. The Police Pension Plan has two tiers. Police officers hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1. Police officers hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2.

Under Tier 1, a police officer age 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service shall receive a pension of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held by the officer at the date of retirement. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years of service through 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month. The monthly benefit shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension, and 3% compounded annually thereafter. Those that retire prior to age 55 receive an increase of 1/12 of 3% for each full month from benefit commencement until age 55 is reached.

Under Tier 2, a police officer age 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service shall receive a pension of 2.5% per year of service times the average salary for the forty-eight consecutive months of service within the last sixty months of service in which the total salary was the highest prior to retirement times the number of years of service. The maximum benefit is 75% of average salary. The minimum monthly benefit is \$1,000 per month. The salary is capped at a rate of \$106,800 as of 2011, indexed annually at a rate of CPI-U, but not to exceed 3%. An annual cost-of-living adjustment is calculated each January 1st. The increase is equal to 3% per year or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1st, whichever is less, of the original pension after the attainment of age 60 or first anniversary of pension state date, whichever is later.

Officers totally and permanently disabled as determined by the Board of Trustees are eligible to receive a disability benefit. Officers disabled in the performance of an act of duty are entitled to 65% of the salary attached to the rank held on the date of service and the monthly retirement pension that the member is entitled to receive if he or she retired immediately. If the disability occurs while the officer is not in performance of an act of duty, the officer is entitled to a disability benefit of 50% of the salary attached to the rank on the last day of service.

If an officer dies in the line of service, the named beneficiary is entitled to a death benefit equal to 100% of the officer's salary attached to the rank held by the officer on the last day of service. For a non-service death, the beneficiary would received a maximum of 54% of the salary attached to the rank held by the officer on the last day of service, and the monthly retirement pension earned by the deceased officer at the time of death, regardless of whether death occurs before or after age 50. For non-service deaths with less than 10 years of service, a refund of member contributions is provided.

After termination of service, an officer in Tier 1 with less than 8 years of service or an officer in Tier 2 with less than 10 years of service will receive a refund of their contributions. If an officer in Tier 1 has 8 or more years of service or an officer in Tier 2 has 10 or more years of service, the officer will receive either a refund of their contributions, or the termination benefit, payable upon reaching age 60 (55 for Tier 2), provided contributions are not withdrawn. The termination benefit is 2.50% of the annual salary held in the year prior to termination times years of creditable service.

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary.

Investment Policy

The investments were all transferred to the Illinois Police Officers' Investment Fund during the 2022 fiscal year.

All investments in the plan are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued

Firefighters' Pension Fund

Plan Description

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for this pension plan.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is administered by a five member board of trustees. The Board consists of two trustees elected by and from the active members, one trustee elected by and from the retired/disabled members of the fund, and two trustees appointed by the mayor. Appointed trustees' terms are not mandated, but typically serve three years.

Benefits Provided

Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary.

Employees hired after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 55 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of an average of their highest 8 of last 10 years of salary. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, by the lesser of 3% of the original pension amount or of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At April 30, 2025, Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Active members	5
Retirees and beneficiaries	4
Inactive, non-retired members	5
Total	14

Contributions

As set by statute, covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions many be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary.

Investment Policy

The investments were all transferred to the Illinois Firefighters' Investment Fund during the 2022 fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans, continued

Vesting

Less than 10 years: Refund of Member contributions.

10 or more years: Either the termination benefit, payable upon reaching age 60, provided contributions are not withdrawn,

Funding Status and Progress - as of May 1, 2024

	Police		
Accrued liability	\$ 4,184,795	\$	1,826,176
Actuarial value of assets	3,338,356		1,439,675
Unfunded liability	\$ 846,439	\$	386,501
Funded ratio	<u>79.8</u> 9	%	<u>78.8</u> %

Note 7 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general and major special revenue funds are presented on the modified accrual basis. The major differences between the budget and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to accrual (GAAP basis).
- Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to reconcile the budgetary basis and GAAP statements of the General Fund are as follows:

	Revenues	E	ependitures	Fu	and Balance
Budgetary basis	\$ 4,591,521	\$	4,738,671	\$	3,257,431
Receivables					
April 30, 2025	475,321		-		475,321
April 30, 2024	(363,689)		-		-
Payables					
April 30, 2025	-		407,065		(407,065)
April 30, 2024	 		(124,522)		-
	\$ 4,703,153	<u>\$</u>	5,021,214	\$	3,325,687
Note 8 - Legal Debt Margin					
Assessed valuation - 2023 tax year				\$	58,141,350
Statutory debt limitation					0.08625
·					5,014,691
Less any general obligation debt					_
Legal debt margin				\$	5,014,691

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2025

Note 9 - Tax Increment Financing District

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) is a way to help finance the redevelopment of certain areas of the City. Municipalities can form TIF districts in areas that meet a number of requirements specified by Illinois law. Once an area is established as a TIF district, any property tax revenues generated by an increase in the assessed valuation of the district is collected into a special TIF Fund for use by that TIF district for qualified redevelopment costs.

The City of Hillsboro, Illinois, has the following TIF district:

Name	Year Created	District Area
Hillsboro Downtown TIF	9/10/2013	Hillsboro Downtown

Note 10 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of this report, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

The City issued General Obligations in May 2025 for construction of the new pool.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Balance Sheet General Fund April 30, 2025

	Total		\$ 3,257,431	1,768,352 8,969 5,034,752	334,186 72,879 407,065	1,302,000	1,709,065	890,133 2,435,554 3,325,687	\$ 5,034,752
	·		€9	5 \$	∞		-	3 2	
Police	Vehicle	Account	3,444	3,444	1 1 1		1	3,444	3,444
		` 	2	' ' 2∥ •	⊘ ∞ ' ∞	1 . 1	∞	4 14 1 1	
Police Department	Rural	Account	51,102	51,102	4,418		4,418	46,684	51,102
ğ			69	60	↔				€
DUI	Equipment	Account	8,792	8,792				8,792	8,792
	Eq	4	< >	€	€	1			⇔
School	D.A.R.E.	Account	6,479	6,479	1 1 1		1	6,479	6,479
S		Ā	69	⇔	↔				↔
Lake Lot	Deposit	Account	33,704	33,704	1 1 1	1 1	1	33,704	33,704
_		۱,	€	 	↔				⇔
	Youth Sports	Account	86,052	- 86,052			!!	86,052	86,052
	You	ĕ	69	€	€				8
7. Y.	Subscription	Account	94,033	94,033			1	94,033	94,033
	Sabs	ă 	69	69	€				⇔
	General	Account	\$ 2,973,825	1,768,352 8,969 \$ 4,751,146	\$ 329,768 72,879 402,647	1,302,000	1,704,647	610,945 2,435,554 3,046,499	\$ 4,751,146
		•	Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Receivables: Taxes Accounts Total assets	Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages Total liabilities	Deferred inflows of resources: Subsequent year's property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	Fund Balances Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	Total liabilities and fund balances

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Year Ended April 30, 2025

					School	ì	Police	:	
	General	Fire Subscription	Youth Sports	Lake Lot Deposit	Resource D.A.R.E.	DUI Equipment	Department Rural	Folice Vehicle	
	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Account	Total
Revenues:						(÷	€	197 107 6 9
Taxes	\$ 3,469,213	\$ 12,444	ا ده	·	· •	·	· (·	700101
Intergovernmental	27,806	1	•	1	•	•	14,900	1	47,700
Charges for services	459,645	34,100	129,848	ı	•	1	ı	1	623,593
Fines	24,507	1	1	1	1,000	2,500	1	09	28,067
License and permits	32,102	1	1	•	1	ř	1	1	32,102
Investment income	129,777	3,991	2,917	1,265	Ī	1	1,886	4	139,840
Reimbursements				!		1	1	•	100
and miscellaneous	343,463	1	10,800	475	450		1 1	' ;	333,188
Total revenues	4,486,513	50,535	143,565	1,740	1,450	2,500	16,786	64	4,703,153
Expenditures:									
General	472,030	1	•	1	Ì	ı	•	ı	472,030
Public safety	1,715,268	•	1	•	2,031	•	6,955	•	1,724,254
Highway and streets	802,967	1	1	•	1	•	•	•	802,967
Culture and recreation	926,381	ı	93,528	•		1	1 6	1	1,019,909
Capital outlay	914,085	47,213	30,338	1	•	1	10,418	1	1,002,034
Total expenditures	4,830,731	47,213	123,866	1	2,031		17,373		5,021,214
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(344,218)	3,322	19,699	1,740	(581)	2,500	(587)	64	(318,061)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(193,218)	ı	ī		1	1	(4,890)		(198,108)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(193,218)	1	I	1	1	1	(4,890)		(198,108)
Net change in fund balances	(537,436)	3,322	19,699	1,740	(581)	2,500	(5,477)	64	(516,169)
Fund balances, beginning	3,583,935	90,711	66,353	31,964	7,060	6,292	52,161	3,380	3,841,856
Fund balances, ending	\$ 3,046,499	\$ 94,033	\$ 86,052	\$ 33,704	\$ 6,479	\$ 8,792	\$ 46,684	\$ 3,444	\$ 3,325,687

General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Non-GAAP) Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2025

	riginal and nal Budget	 Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget ve (Negative)
Revenues:			_	
Property taxes	\$ 620,000	\$ 655,977	\$	35,977
Intergovernmental:				
State sales taxes	1,125,000	1,160,377		35,377
State income taxes	975,000	1,052,541		77,541
Replacement taxes	50,000	29,925		(20,075)
Utility taxes	380,000	419,507		39,507
Telecommunication taxes	55,000	52,794		(2,206)
Video gaming taxes	90,000	88,818		(1,182)
Cannabis taxes	9,000	9,275		275
Recreation fee	290,730	459,645		168,915
Licenses and permits	125,250	32,102		(93,148)
Fines	27,200	24,507		(2,693)
Reimbursements and insurance	25,000	70,842		45,842
Miscellaneous	153,775	272,622		118,847
Interest	128,500	129,777		1,277
Intergovernmental	<u>-</u>	 27,806		27,806
Total revenues	 4,054,455	 4,486,515		432,060
Expenditures:				
General	469,812	472,031		(2,219)
Public safety	1,639,788	1,715,269		(75,481)
Highway and streets	837,097	802,967		34,130
Culture and recreation	920,082	926,381		(6,299)
Capital outlay	 305,500	914,085		(608,585)
Total expenditures	 4,172,279	 4,830,733		(658,454)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (117,824)	 (344,218)		(226,394)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	4,890		4,890
Transfers out	 	 (198,108)		(198,108)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	 (193,218)		(193,218)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (117,824)	(537,436)	\$	(419,612)
Fund balance, beginning		 3,583,935		
Fund balance, ending		\$ 3,046,499		•

Business District Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Non-GAAP) Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2025

	a a	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget /e (Negative)	
Revenues:		Budget	 		
Sales taxes	\$	400,000	\$ 384,026	\$	(15,974)
Interest		25,000	57,433		32,433
Intergovernmental		-	 76,732		76,732
Total revenues		425,000	 518,191		93,191
Expenditures:					
General government		51,380	68,243		(16,863)
Capital outlay		800,000	 101,461		698,539
Total expenditures		851,380	 169,704		681,676
Net change in fund balance	\$	(426,380)	348,487	\$	774,867
Fund balance, beginning			 1,415,482		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 1,763,969		

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Non-GAAP) Budget and Actual Year Ended April 30, 2025

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$ 250,000	\$ 266,762	\$ 16,762
Interest	15,000	13,306	(1,694)
Intergovernmental		47,259	47,259
Total revenues	265,000	327,327	62,327
Expenditures:			
Engineering fees	30,000	24,247	5,753
Maintenance of streets	352,000	162,014	189,986
Capital outlay	10,000	383,112	(373,112)
Total expenditures	392,000	569,373	(177,373)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (127,000)	(242,046)	\$ (115,046)
Fund balance, beginning		445,576	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 203,530	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended April 30, 2025

Note 1 - Budget, Appropriation Ordinance and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts its budget in accordance with a basis of accounting utilized by that fund. The City utilizes the following procedures in establishing budgetary data, appropriations and tax levy:

- 1. City officials discuss the expenditures.
- 2. The appropriation ordinance is published to obtain taxpayers comments and requests.
- 3. The appropriations and levy are reviewed and legally enacted by a vote of the Council.
- 4. Supplemental appropriation ordinances may be passed by the Council should a new unanticipated source of revenue develop for a specific purpose.
- 5. All unexpended appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Appropriations are prepared on the accrual basis.
- 7. All governmental and proprietary funds are budgeted.
- 8. The legal level of expenditures is the total fund expenditures.

The budget and appropriation ordinance was approved on May 7, 2024.

Note 2 - Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended April 30, 2025, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control in the individual fund as follows:

	Ap	propriations_	Expenditures		
General Fund	\$	4,172,279	\$	4,830,733	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund		392,000		569,373	

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds April 30, 2025

	CDAP Revolving Loan Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash Notes receivable	\$ 262,892 10,870	\$ 635,427	\$ 898,319 10,870
Total assets	\$ 273,762	\$ 635,427	\$ 909,189
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,960	\$ 1,960
Total liabilities		1,960	1,960
Fund Balances			
Restricted	273,762	633,467	907,229
Total fund balances	273,762	633,467	907,229
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 273,762	\$ 635,427	\$ 909,189

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended April 30, 2025

	CDAP Revolving Loan Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Total		
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 273,538	\$ 273,538		
Investment income	10,245	23,272	33,517		
Miscellaneous	225		225		
Total revenues	10,470	296,810	307,280		
Expenditures: General government	_	150,470	150,470		
Total expenditures		150,470	150,470		
Net change in fund balances	10,470	146,340	156,810		
Fund balance, beginning	263,292	487,127	750,419		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 273,762	\$ 633,467	\$ 907,229		

Hillsboro Downtown TIF District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended April 30, 2025

	YesApr	Cumulative		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$	273,538	\$	1,999,416
Interest		23,272		39,484
Total revenues		296,810		2,038,900
Expenditures:				
Administration and legal		10,130		103,049
Distribution to taxing bodies		140,340		1,302,384
Total expenditures		150,470		1,405,433
Net change in fund balance		146,340	\$	633,467
Fund balance, beginning		487,127		
Fund balance, ending	\$	633,467		

OTHER INFORMATION

Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund April 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

Calendar year ending December 31,	2024			2023			<u>2022</u>	
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	69,885	\$	75,190		\$	69,107	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		631,818		627,569			645,284	
Benefit Changes		-		-			-	
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience		(157,145)		84,687			(251,065)	
Assumption Changes		-		(12,373)			-	
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(722,462)		(705,168)			(716,249)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(177,904)		69,905			(252,923)	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		9,041,025		8,971,120			9,224,043	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	8,863,121	\$	9,041,025		\$	8,971,120	
				•				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			•	7.007		Ф	(1.201	
Employer Contributions	\$	38,404	\$	7,887		\$	61,321	
Employee Contributions		34,221		31,971			31,608	
Pension Plan Net Investment Income		937,180		988,038			(1,659,513)	
Benefit Payments and Refunds		(722,462)		(705,168)			(716,249)	
Other		(376,885)		264,431			(292,617)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(89,542)		587,159			(2,575,450)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		9,011,680		8,424,521		_	10,999,971	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	8,922,138	\$	9,011,680		\$	8,424,521	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	(59,017)	\$	29,345		\$	546,599	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of Total Pension Liability		100.67 %		99.68	%		93.91 %	6
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	760,469	\$	710,473		\$	702,406	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage						٠		
of Covered Valuation Payroll		(7.76) %		4.13	%		77.82 %	6

Schedule of Funding Progress April 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

										UAAL as a	ι
	Actuarial	Actu	arial Accrued	U	Infunded					Percentage	
Actuarial	Value of	Lia	bility (AAL)		AAL	Funded		(Covered	of Covered	l
Valuation	Assets	-	Entry Age	((UAAL)	Ratio			Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)	_		(c)	((b-a)/c)	_
December 31, 2024	\$ 1,172,832	\$	1,124,369	\$	(48,463)	104.31	%	\$	760,468	-	%
December 31, 2023	1,293,596		1,213,740		(79,856)	106.58	%		710,473	-	%
December 31, 2022	1,216,662		1,090,107		(126,555)	111.61	%		702,406	-	%

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2024, is \$1,180,344. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 104.98%.

The actuarial value of assets and accrued liability cover active and inactive members who have service credit with City of Hillsboro, Illinois. They do not include amounts for retirees. The actuarial accrued liability for retirees is 100% funded.

Schedule of Funding Progress April 30, 2025 (Unaudited)

Schedule of Net Position - Police and Firefighters

The latest actuarial report available - May 1, 2024

	Police	Firefighters	Total
Accrued liability	\$ 4,184,795	\$ 1,826,176	\$ 6,010,971
Net position, May 1, 2024	3,338,356	1,439,675	4,778,031
Net pension liability, May 1, 2024	\$ 846,439	\$ 386,501	\$ 1,232,940

Hillsboro Police Pension Plan

							UAAL as a	
	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded				Percentage	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded		Covered	of Covered	
Valuation	Assets	-Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)	_
May 1, 2024	\$ 3,338,356	\$ 4,184,795	\$ 846,439	79.77	% \$	415,152	203.89	%
May 1, 2023	3,197,475	3,858,542	661,067	82.87	%	403,624	163.78	%
May 1, 2022	3,044,584	3,610,438	565,854	84.33	%	396,552	142.69	%
May 1, 2021	2,880,704	4,134,500	1,253,796	69.67	%	396,136	316.51	%
May 1, 2020	2,587,051	3,854,994	1,267,943	67.11	%	396,261	319.98	
May 1, 2019	2,301,720	4,177,306	1,875,586	55.10	%	395,429	474.32	%
May 1, 2018	2,058,722	3,677,682	1,618,960	55.98	%	389,834	415.29	%
May 1, 2017	1,841,718	3,400,331	1,558,613	54.16	%	382,117	407.89	%
May 1, 2016	1,638,550	3,053,414	1,414,864	53.66	%	354,661	398.93	%
May 1, 2015	1,429,212	2,852,072	1,422,860	50.11	%	312,458	455.38	%
May 1, 2014	1,284,098	2,723,812	1,439,714	47.14	%	305,178	471.76	%

Hillsboro Firefighters' Pension Plan

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Actuarial	Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded		Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered	
Valuation	Assets	-Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)	_
May 1, 2024	\$ 1,439,675	\$ 1,826,176	\$ 386,501	78.84	% \$	229,736	168.24	%
May 1, 2023	1,396,960	1,865,766	468,806	74.87	%	180,773	259.33	%
May 1, 2022	1,369,141	1,895,130	525,989	72.25	%	264,867	198.59	%
May 1, 2021	1,329,802	2,433,556	1,103,754	54.64	%	221,416	498.50	%
May 1, 2020	1,229,163	2,331,875	1,102,712	52.71	%	217,880	506.11	%
May 1, 2019	1,155,375	2,228,572	1,073,197	51.84	%	205,254	522.86	%
May 1, 2018	1,088,426	2,177,283	1,088,857	49.99	%	211,120	515.75	%
May 1, 2017	1,018,946	2,056,048	1,037,102	49.56	%	206,440	502.37	%
May 1, 2016	948,049	1,800,646	852,597	52.65	%	200,824	424.55	%
May 1, 2015	860,106	1,736,365	876,259	49.53	%	201,926	433.95	%
May 1, 2014	782,342	1,546,402	764,060	50.59	%	197,454	386.96	%